

Research Concept: 2',2"'-Dithiobisbenzanilide

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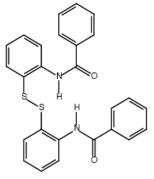
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2',2"'-Dithiobisbenzanilide (DTBBA)

- Nominated by the NCI based on:
 - High production volume
 - Lack of adequate toxicity data
 - Chemical structure



- Primarily used as a masticating agent and plasticizer in rubber production
 - Greatest use in the tire industry
 - U.S. production 1-10 million lbs/year 1998 and 2002
- Human exposure potential
 - Rubber industry workers inhalation and dermal routes
 - General population DTBBA or degradation products present in the environment and in consumer products
 - No specific exposure data
- Toxicological data
 - Low acute toxicity by oral and dermal routes
 - Skin sensitizer in guinea pigs
 - No genotoxicity, repeat dose toxicity or ADME studies

Data Gaps and Key Issues

- Strong suspicion of toxicity based on chemical structure
- Little or no data describing the extent of exposure or the potential toxicity to humans
 - No subchronic or chronic toxicity studies in animals
 - Bioavailability, mutagenicity, and the potential for metabolic activation have not been determined
- Speculated that DTBBA is converted to biologically active benzanilide and Nphenyl benzamide derivatives in vivo and/or the environment
- Reactivity and/or potential skin metabolism of DTBBA is indicated by positive skin sensitization studies
- Mutagenicity studies of potential metabolites or degradation products may be warranted

Proposed Research Program

- Determine the in vitro mutagenic potential of DTBBA
 - Data from these studies may be useful for characterizing the potential to form reactive metabolites
- Determine the potential for absorption of DTBBA through human and/or rodent skin in vitro
- Conduct in vitro metabolism studies using unlabeled DTBBA in human and/or rodent liver preparations
- Determine bioavailability and characterize metabolism of radiolabeled DTBBA in rodents



Questions and Comments